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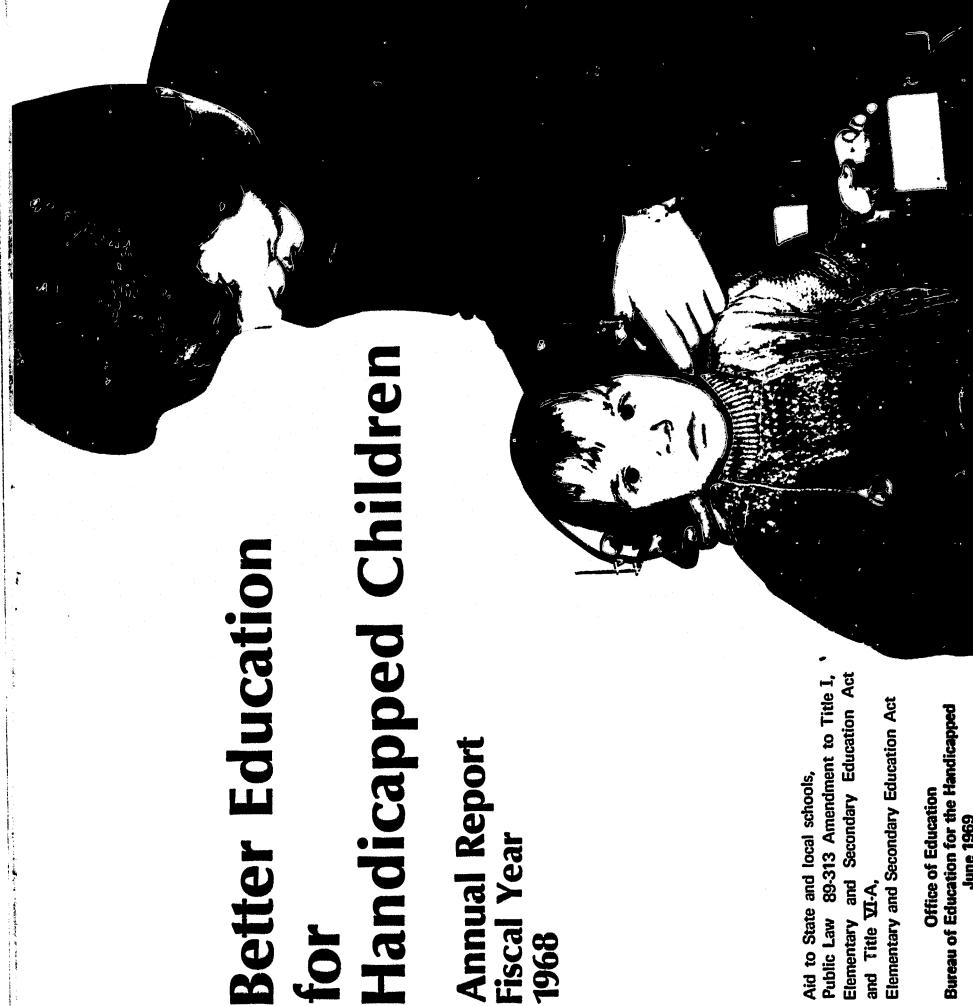
Speech Handicapped, State Programs, Visually

Handicapped

ABSTRACT

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Included in the report are an overview of federal assistance to special education, graphs indicating percentages of handicapped children who have been served (broken down by type of handicap and by state), and program expenditures listed according to types served and services provided. Also discussed are the benefits of individual instruction, training programs for personnel, and program achievements with statements from 14 states concerning their programs. Public Law 89-313 is reviewed by types of handicapped children, length of program, the total expenditure by type, expenditure by type of service, objectives in organization and instructional areas, and allocations to state agencies. Also outlined is a review of Title TV-A by type of handicap, geographical area, length of program, expenditures by types of service and types of handicaps, by total school district, and by total expenditures for projects and state administration. Graphs and charts are provided throughout. (JM)



Fiscal Year

1968

Public Law 89-313 Amendment to Title I, Elementary and Secondary Education Act Elementary and Secondary Education Act Aid to State and local schools, and Title VII.A,

Bureau of Education for the Handicapped Office of Education

1.1.11

ED032131

# LEGISLATIVE DEFINITION OF CATEGORIES OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN UNDER PUBLIC LAW 89-313 AND TITLE $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ .

"MENTALLY RETARDED, HARD OF HEARING, DEAF, SPEECH IMPAIRED, VISUALLY HANDICAPPED, SERIOUSLY EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED, CRIPPLED, OR OTHER HEALTH IMPAIRED  $\mathcal U$  CHILDREN WHO BY REASON THEREOF REQUIRE SPECIAL EDUCATION."

 $\mathcal V$  Includes learning disabilities, multiple handicapped and chronic medical problems.











#### Annual Report FY 1968

U.S. DEPARIMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE OFFICE OF EDUCATION

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#### Better Education for Handicapped Children

Aid to State and local schools, Public Law 89-313 Amendment to Title I, Elementary and Secondary Education Act and Title XI-A, Elementary and Secondary Education Act

U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Office of Education

Robert H. Finch, Secretary James E. Allen, Jr. Assistant Secretary and Commissioner of Education

Bureau of Education for the Handicapped James J. Sallagher, Associate Commissioner



ED032131

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#### **FOREWORD**

The Bureau of Education for the Handicapped is pleased to present this Annual Report of Federal aid to State and local education programs for handicapped children for the school year 1967–1968. These programs have been made possible because of funds provided under Public Law 89–313, amendment to Title I, Elementary and Secondary Education Act, and Title VI-A of the same Act.

Information in this report is based on end-of-the-year statistical and evaluation reports for fiscal year 1968, submitted by the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

It is our hope that this publication will be helpful in informing teachers, administrators, parents, counselors, therapists, and other interested persons as to the purposes of these Federal programs, and that it will provide an insight into how some of the State and local education agencies used funds under Public Law 89-313 and Title VI-A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act to provide better educational opportunities for handicapped children. Further, it is our hope that this document will stimulate even greater improvement in instructional services made available to handicapped children throughout the Nation.

James J. Gallagher
Associate Commissioner
Bureau of Education
for the Handicapped





#### AN OVERVIEW

American education has traditionally been committed to the ideal of having every child achieve the maximum of his potential. Yet, the attainment of this ideal has often fallen short of its goal. However, during the past decade the Nation began to do more than ever before to make this ideal reach fruition. It has accepted the challenge to begin a program of education to insure every American child the fullest development of mind and skills. With this dedication to the belief in the inherent worth of each individual, education began to take on a new dimension. This is evident in the recent efforts to develop more effective educational methods designed to meet individual needs.

Current trends in education have brought new hope to the Nation's school children, and especially to those with handicapping conditions. As the Nation becomes more aware of and responsive to their abilities, handicapped children are beginning to recognize their varied potentialities, and to develop their capabilities to function as contributing citizens in society.

In the passing of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, the Nation made its most comprehensive effort to fulfill its responsibility of providing the best education for each child. However, the provision of special services for handicapped children was not left to chance. To insure that they would receive a fair share of educational opportunities, Congress amended the Act in their behalf.

Two of the most significant additions to the ESEA which enable States to request Federal assistance for special education and related programs for handicapped children are:

- Public Law 89-313, Amerdment to Title of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act which provides funds to strengthen State-operated or -supported programs for handicapped children, and
- Act which authorizes funds to States to assist in the extension and improvement of local public and private schools for the education of handicapped children.

As a result of the legislative provisions of Public Law 89-313, Amendment to Title I, and Title VI-A, special educators now have the chance to provide better educational opportunities for these children- -a new hope for their future- -and an increased assurance of a place in the mainstream of our society. These Federal aid programs are helping fulfill the American commitment to provide every child with as much education as he or she has the ability to utilize for his sake and for the sake of the Nation.



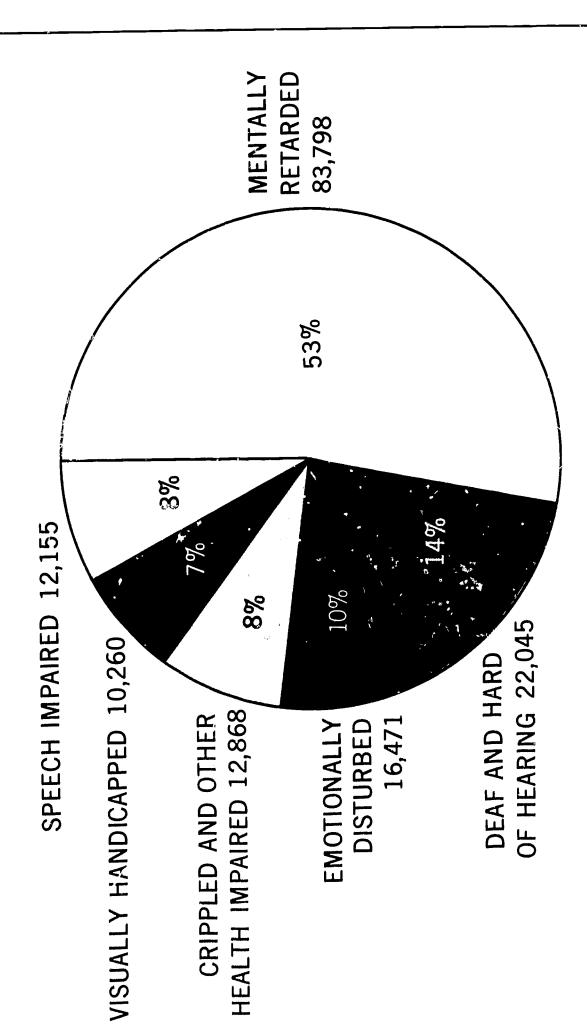


### HANDICAPPED CHILDREN SERVED

During fiscal year 1968, Public Law 89–313 and Title XI-A funds provided improved diagnostic services, new techniques of teaching, specialized curriculum and equipment, and better qualified professionals and paraprofessionals to serve approximately 160,000 handicapped children.

The 50 States and the District of Columbia reported that many of the handicapped children participating in Public Law 89-313 and Title XI-A projects would not have otherwise received any special services.

## HANDICAPPED CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN PROJECTS FUNDED UNDER PUBLIC LAW 89-313 AND TITLE VI-A, ESEA FISCAL YEAR 1968



TOTAL CHILDREN SERVED: 157,597



# AND NOT RECEIVING SPECIAL EDUCATION SERVICES

BY REGION - FISCAL YEAR 1968

FISCAL YEAR 1968 BY HANDICAP —

#### **PERCENTAGE**

	<b>45</b>	06									
	NOT RECEIVING Services	09 -									
NTAGE	NOT S	30									3 822 000
PERCENTAGE	RECEIVING Services	ි <b>-</b>									2 130000
	NUMBER OF Handicapped Children	09	1,503,000	286,200	2,141,600	75,800	800,000	305,400	759,900	89,100	1 5 061 000
	TYPE OF HANDICAP		MENTALLY RETARDED	HARD OF HEARING AND DEAF	SPEECH IMPAIRED	VISUALLY HANDICAPPED	EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED	CRIPPLED	OTHER HEALTH IMPAIRED	MULTIPLE HANDICAPPED	NATIONAL TOTAL 5 061 000
		- 06			·-			Ü	0-		<b>!</b> ≝
	NOT RECEIVING Services	9		П							Γ
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rage	NOT SE	- 30									2 022 000
RCENTAGE	<b>allahandi</b> yakulan.	- 30 - 0									1
PERCENTAGE	RECEIVING NOT SERVICES SE	30 0									1
PERCENTAGE	RECEIVING Services	- 0 —	000	008	000	008	000	000	006	300	0000010
PERCENTAGE	<b>allahandi</b> yakulan.	0 — 30 <b>–</b>	336,200	1,058,300	1,530,500	1,095,300	618,000	ROCKY MOUNTAIN 147,000	488,900	008'989	NATIONAL TOTAL 5 081 000

(NOTE: In addition to the 4,675 local school districts, 608 Non-public schools participated in Title  $\Omega$ T-A programs and projects.)

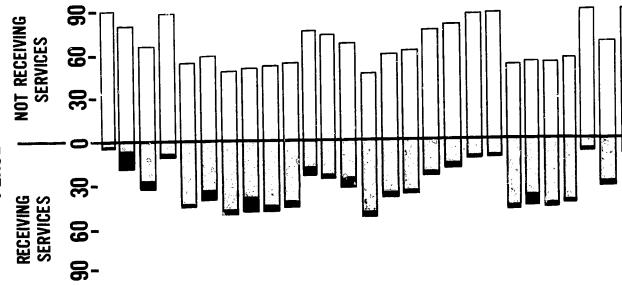


ONLY 36%
of the Nation's
HANDICAPPED
CHILDREN
needing
educational services
ARE PRESENTLY
BEING SERVED!

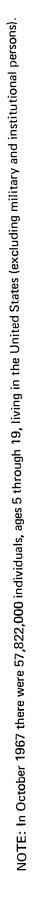


# HANDICAPPED CHILDREN RECEIVING AND NOT RECEIVING

#### PERCENTAGE



HANDICAPPED CHILDREN	189,059	5,081	30,650	81,404	528,257	61,349	83,132	9,972	30,641	133,422	128,303	23,294	14,292	260,115	141,308	152,790	95,592	77,377	272,706	41,888	111,201	136,507	273,006	109,890	105,219	151,215	06/,22
STATE	ALABAMA	ALASKA	ARIZONA	ARKANSAS	CALIFORNIA	COLORADO	CONNECTICUT	DELAWARE	DIST OF COL	FLORIDA	GEORGIA	HAWAII	IDAHO	ILLINOIS	INDIANA	IOWA	KANSAS	KENTUCKY	LOUISIANA	MAINE	MARYLAND	MASSACHUSETTS	MICHIGAN	MINNESOTA	MISSISSIPPI	MISSOURI	MONITOR





### FISCAL YEAR 1968 **EDUCATION SERVICES BY STATE** SPECIAL

#### PERCENTAGE

6

HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

51,818 12,614

**NEBRASKA** 

STATE

NEVADA

18,776 188,330 32,620 357,102

> NEW JERSEY NEW MEXICO

**NEW YORK** 

NEW HAMPSHIRE

158,989 38,660

NORTH CAROLINA NORTH DAKOTA

283,885

OKLAHOMA

OHIO

OREGON

NOT REC SERV	30						
 9	30 0-					[3.5]	
RECEIVING Services	8-						
<b>≅</b> ∾	<b>6</b> -						

88,044 37,864 360,974

45,010 128,487

SOUTH CAROLINA

PENNSYLVANIA RHODE ISLAND SOUTH DAKOTA

TENNESSEE

TEXAS UTAH

#### NATIONAL TOTAL 5,961,268

136,468 9,009

WEST VIRGINIA WISCONSIN WYOMING

111,340 79,559 55,957

WASHINGTON

VERMONT VIRGINIA

39,641 10,909

88,213

338,605

17,988

HANDICAPPED CHILDREN SERVED UNDER PL 89-313 AND TITLE <u>VI</u>-A FUNDS

HANDICAPPED CHILDREN SERVED WITH STATE AND LOCAL FUNDS

As reported in 1967 - 1968 Title VI-A, ESEA Statewide Annual Reports on Special Education Programs







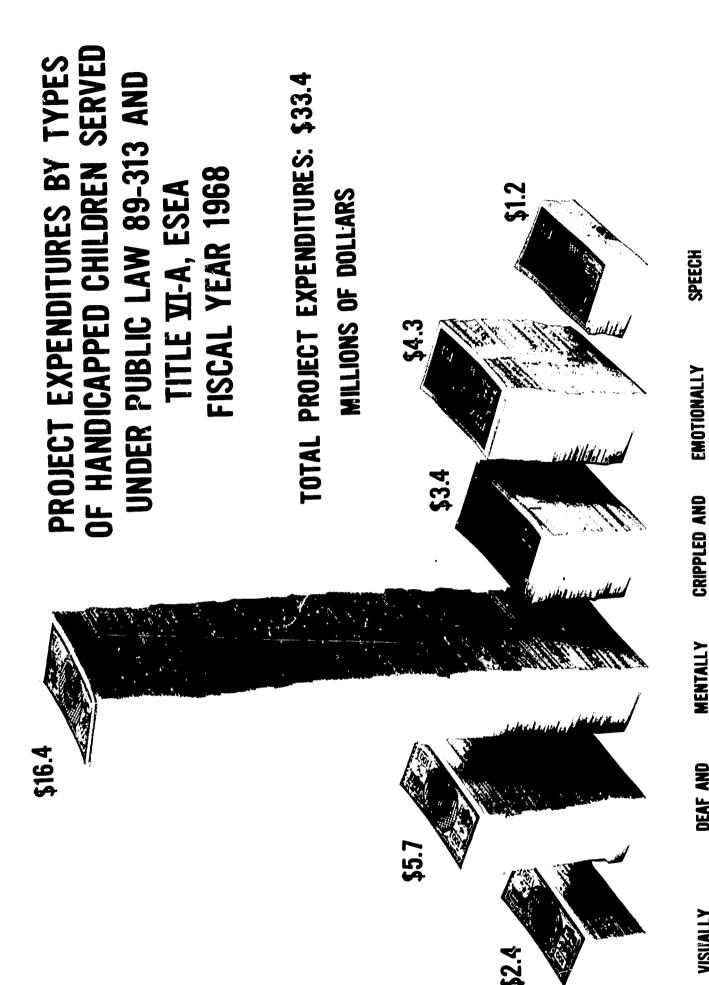
### PROGRAM EXPENDITURES

There are very few restrictions upon the utilization of the funds provided under these Federal grant programs. Therefore, State and local education agencies are able to provide a wide variety of programs and services to meet the special educational needs of the handicapped children they serve.

Nearly \$33.5 million was expended to initiate and expand educational programs and related  $\pounds$  vices under Public Law 89–313 and Title  $\overline{M}$ -A. In addition, almost \$761,000 was expended under Title  $\overline{M}$ -A for State administration and leadership activites.

Instructional services – supervision, instruction, and equipment – equalled 86% of all project expenditures under Public Law 89–313 and Title <u>VI</u>-A.





**IMPAIRED** 

DISTURBED

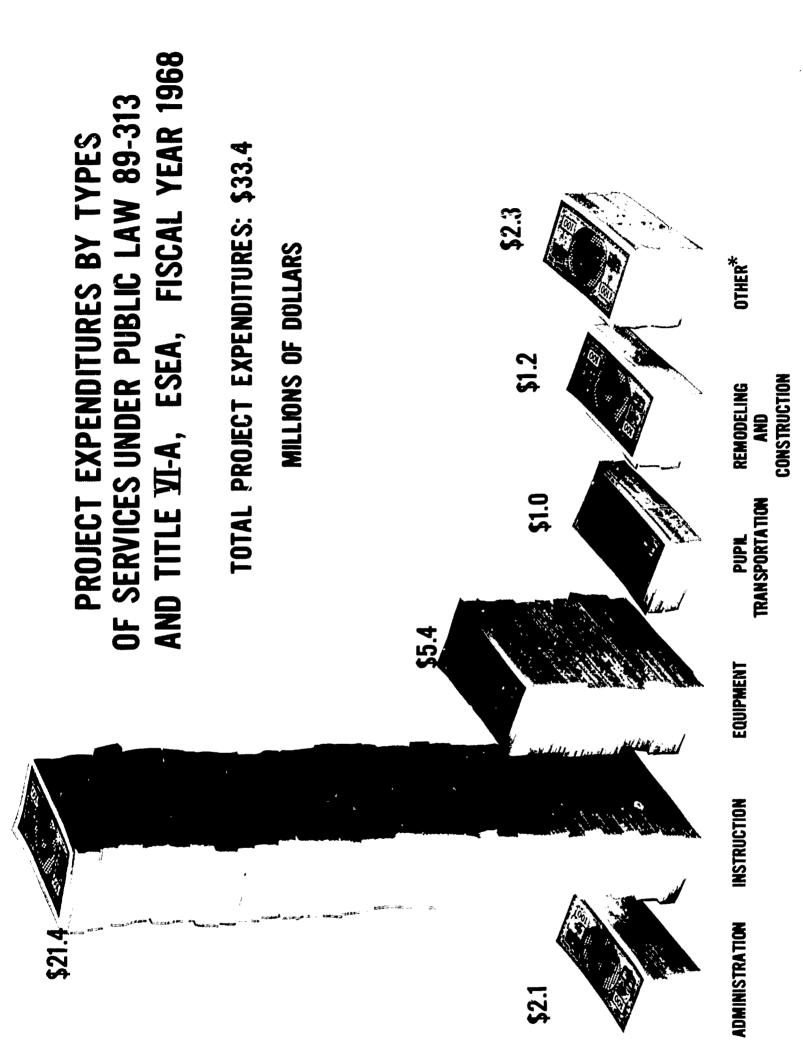
OTHER HEALTH

MENTALLY Retarded

DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING

HANDICAPPED





Student-Body Activities, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Fixed Charges as related to program operation in providing \* Includes Health Services in the field of physical and mental health which are not direct instruction, Food Services, Community Services, Student-Body Activities, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Fixed Charges as related to program operation in pr direct and other related services to the handicapped children served.

Statistics do not include \$760,779 expended under Title XI-A, ESEA for State Administration and leadership activities during Fiscal Year 1968







"With the incressed staff provided by this grant, we have been able to include over 200 severely retarded children in daily educational activities."

Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction

"The Houseparent Workshop provided for an exceptionally well qualified person in the field of child care to further train houseparents and their supervisors."

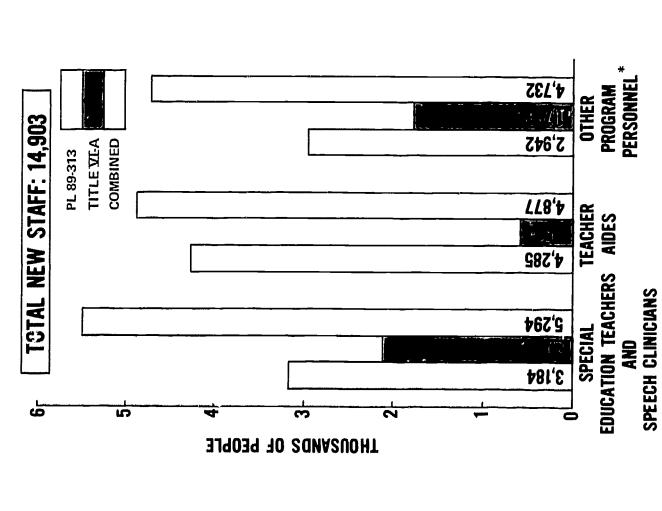
South Carolina State Department of Mental Health







#### NEW STAFF EMPLOYED IN PROJECTS UNDED UNDER PUBLIC LAW 89-313 AND TITLE VI-A, ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968



 Includes administrators, supervisors, counselors, consultants, librarians, media specialists, psychologists, speech therapists, paraprofessionals, clerical and other non-professional staff.

## **EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING OF PERSONNEL**

With Title XI-A funds State departments of education employed 185 full time personnel to administer State programs and to strengthen State leadership in the education of handicapped children.

During fiscal year 1968, almost 25,000 staff members in special education programs received inservice training through PL 89-313 and Title XI-A funds. This training was directed toward an increased understanding of the educational needs of handicapped children, and the new methods and materials found in meeting these needs.

More than 24% of the teachers receiving inservice training earned sufficient additional credits to become certified as special education teachers within their States.



ERIC Full Tax t Provided by ERIC

To help alleviate the extreme shortage of special education personnel, many PL 89-313 and Title XI-A projects included provisions for the employment and inservice training of teacher aides and other paraprofessionals. These staff members provided extra assistance and attention to thousands of handicapped pupils in accordance with their individual needs as diagnosed by classroom teachers and other specialized personnel.





### PROGRAM ACHIEVEMENTS

"The federally supported programs created an opportunity for the direct and indirect involvement of over 2,000 handicapped children in summer activities consisting of identification, diagnosis, evaluation, and supplemental instructional programs, including outdoor education activities."

New Jersey State Department of Education "Many children have returned to the mainstream of education because of their meaningful experiences in the reading laboratory."

Winnebago State Hospital, Wisconsin

"These summer sessions have alleviated educational regression which so often occurs with handicapped pupils during a prolonged interruption of training."

New York State Department of Mental Hygiene





"No longer are the bedridden and wheel chair retardates deprived of varied activities because of their physical condition. This grant has made it possible for these students to enjoy day camp, recreation and special classes taught on a homebound basis." which are

and Hospital, South Carolina Pineland Training School

completion of the project the children had gained in tasks visual perceptual skills, and in auditory and kinesthetic skills, thereby minimizing the handicapping aspects of their visual deficits." requiring "By the

"Pre-schoo, children (early childhood classes) were involved in socializareach the children during those early formative years when they would be tion and speech development exercises. The project made it possible to more receptive to instruction." Colin Anderson Center, West Virginia

"This project was largely responsible for a general reversal of attitude concerning the value of educational programming for institutionalized children, from the previous medical priority - to the team approach."

Pennsylvania State Department of Welfare

of Education

Rhode island State Department



"The pre-school clinic decreased the actual time needed for adjustment during the first weeks of school. Students entering school for the first time in September were not as withdrawn, shy, and tearful as is normally the case."

ERIC

Governor Morehead School, North Carolina "Another highly productive aspect of the program was the employment of teacher aides in the classrooms of the schools for the mentally retarded. With this added personnel, the regular teachers were enabled to devote more individual attention to each child, thereby increasing their effectiveness in meeting his or her particular needs."

Vermont State Department of Education

"A professional team of administrators and teachers were involved in an inservice training program to assist the regular classroom teachers in the identification of educable mentally handicapped and educationally handicapped students."

Colorado Division of Special Education Services



"If we had to compute a return on our investment in terms of dollars and cents, we estimate the return has been at least ten to one for every dollar invested."

Illinois State Department of Public Instruction

"Parental counselling and contact proved to be an outstanding feature of cur program. We were able to work with the parents to show them how to help their children in their everyday problems."

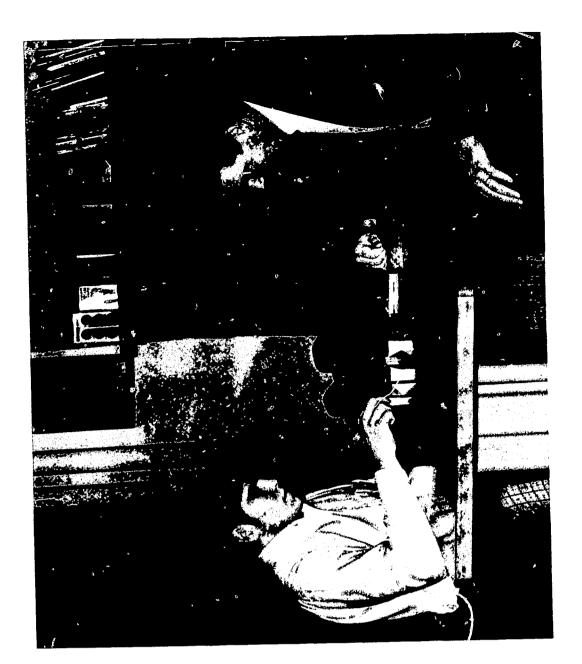
Crotched Mountain School for the Deaf, New Hampshire

"Outstanding changes in the children involved have come from the social rehabilitation emphasis. Through the use of behavior modification techniques, very noticeable improved behavior is evident."

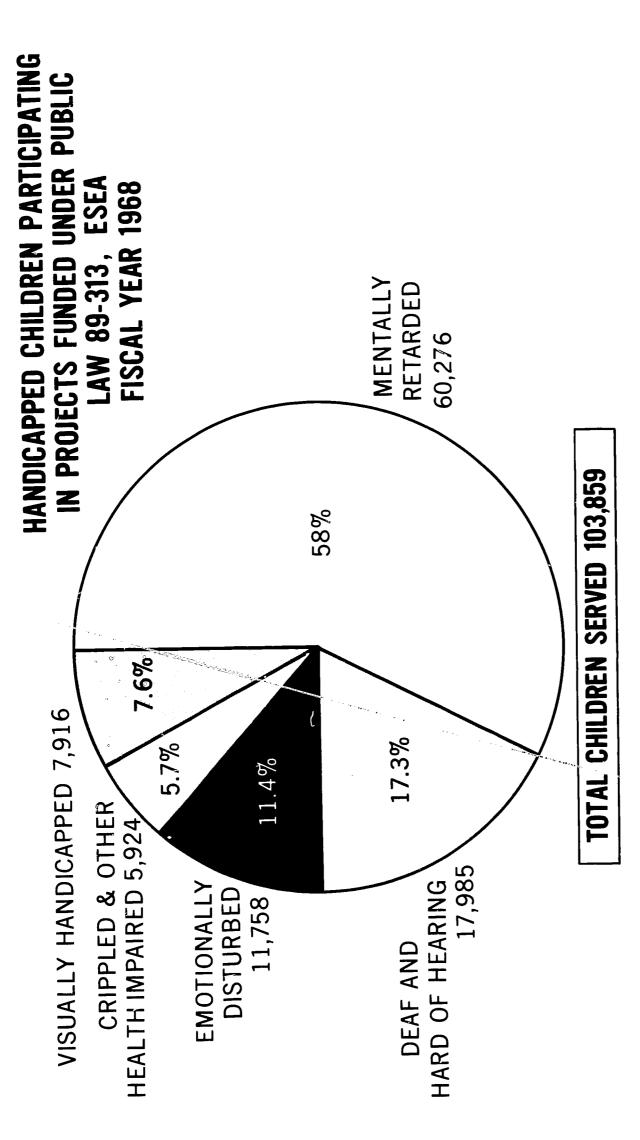
New Mexico State Hospital

"Comprehensive diagnostic services provided individual mental ability and personality evaluation for a total of 418 students from smaller school districts in the large rural areas of eastern Montana."

Montana State Department of Public Instruction

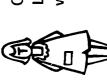






### PUBLIC LAW 89-313 IN REVIEW

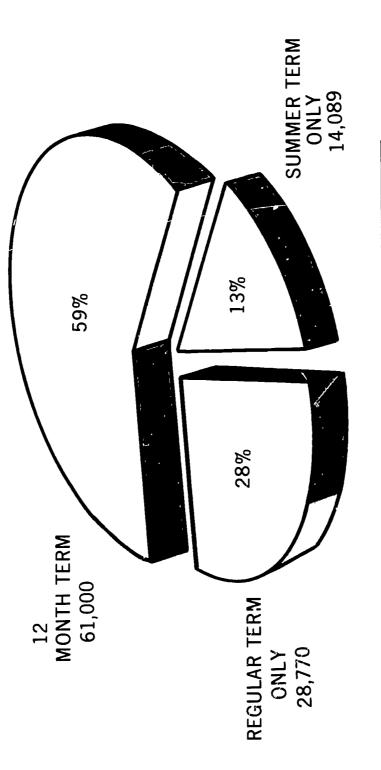
72% (103,859) of the approximately 143,000 handicapped children eligible to benefit under Public Law 89-313 during Fiscal Year 1968, received such services.



Of the 103,859 handicapped children participating in Public Law 89-313 projects, 12,400 or 12% of the children included were in non-public or private schools.



## HANDICAPPED CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN PROJECTS BY SCHOOL TERM PUBLIC LAW 89-313, ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968



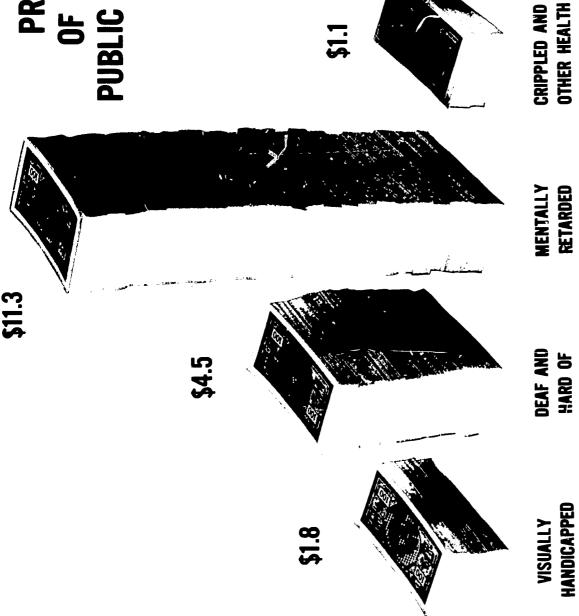
## TOTAL CHILDREN SERVED: 103,859



6% of the handicapped children receiving services through PL 89–313 funds were preschool participants in projects designed for early identification of learning and psychological problems and for the appropriate future educational placement of these children.

61,000 handicapped children were served in programs which extended over 12 months of the year. 14,000 participated only in summer projects.



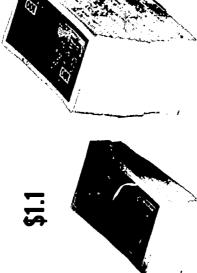


## PROJECT EXPENDITURES BY TYPES OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN SERVED PUBLIC LAW 89-313 ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968

TOTAL PROJECT EXPENDITURES: \$21.7

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS

\$3.0



EMOTIONALLY Disturbed

MPAIRED

HEARING

"With PL 89–313 funds, we were able to purchase a good selection of needed large print and braille books. After the new books were cataloged and placed in our library, the pupils became enthusiastic about reading. The expanded reading list encouraged more reading and resulted in a very favorable attitude toward reading. Our library was a real success."

North Dakota School for the Blind

"Closed circuit television was used to extend language arts instruction to mentally retarded students. It was beamed to cottages that housed mental retardates unable to attend the regular school."

Columbus State Hospital, Ohio

ERIC Full Taxt Provided by ERIC

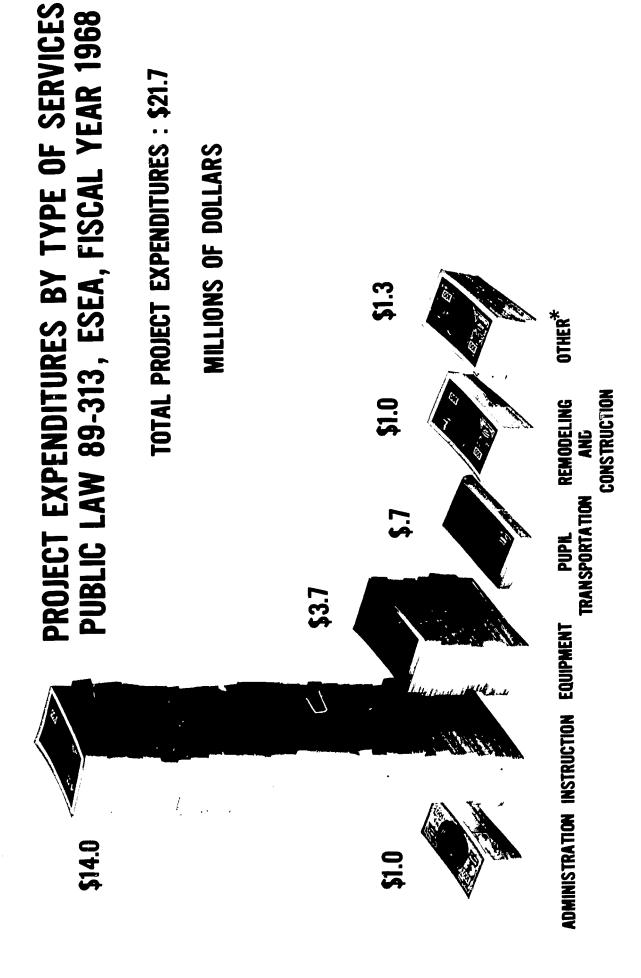
"The evaluation of the summer enrichment program describes the effectiveness of using seminar methods of instruction with deaf adolescents. It also points up to the value of television instruction with the deaf."

Texas School for the Deaf

"The excellent equipment which we purchased for this project stands to benefit the school for many years to come. As a result of materials pur-

chased, the reading, physical education, music, and art departments have grown both quantitatively and qualitatively. The program has been rated successful as evidenced by the improvement in attitudes, improvement in work habits, increased freedom of expression, new interest in reading, new alertness of life, increased vocabularies, improved physical states and improved social skills."

Petersburg Training School, Virginia



<sup>\*</sup> Includes Health Services In the field of physical and mental health which are not direct instruction, Food Services, Community Services, Student-Body Activities, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Fixed Charges as related to program operation in providing direct and other related services to the handicapped children served.

ERIC Full list Provided by ERIC

"Our experimental Education Unit services included comprehensive evaluation, inservice training of the child's home teacher, selection of instructional materials and methods suitable to each child, and a program of behavior modification designed to assist in the rapid re-entry of the child back into his home school."

Experimental Education Unit, University of Washington

"Personnel in medicine, nursing, social service, education, and psychology, each with a responsibility for pupil programming, has worked cooperatively with staff employed by PL 89–313, Foster Grandparent, HIST, and HIP programs. These coordinated efforts have resulted in a more unified, interdisciplinary approach to providing for the educational and training needs of pupils."

Fairview Hospital and Training School, Oregon

LANGUAGE ARTS 63

ARITHMETIC 7-

**SOCIAL STUDIES 24** 

ARTS & CRAFTS 14

MUSIC 12-

## TYPES OF OBJECTIVES INCLUDED IN 132 PROJECTS FUNDED UNDER PUBLIC LAW 89-313, ESEA\* FISCAL YEAR 1968

PHYSICAL EDUCATION 45

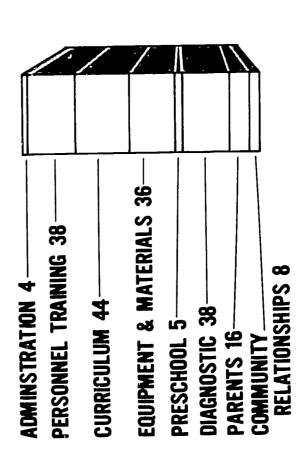
NDUSTRIAL ARTS 1-

**TRAINING 47** 

VOCATIONAL

SCIENCE 5-

HOME ECONOMICS 3



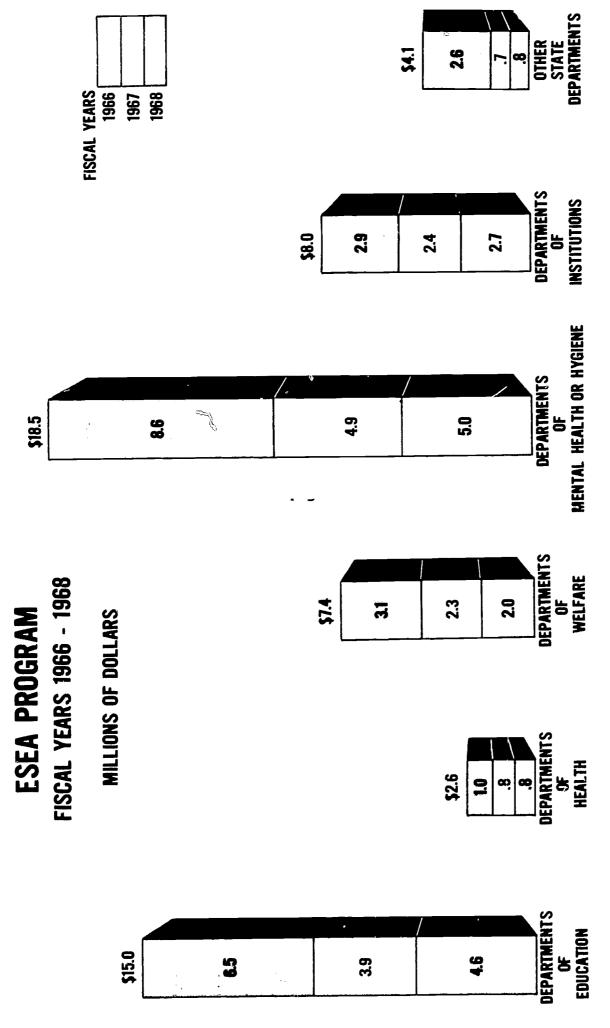
**FIVING SKILLS 150** 

OBJECTIVES IN INSTRUCTIONAL AREAS (TOTAL 371)

The above represents a sampling of the total of 632 projects funded under PL 89-313 for fiscal year 1968. Each of the projects reviewed in this study included an average of four objectives.

OBJECTIVES IN PROGRAM ORGANIZATION (TOTAL 189)

# ALLOCATIONS TO STATE AGENCIES PARTICIPATING UNDER THE PUBLIC LAW 89-313



"One of the greatest accomplishments made through the use of P.L. 89–313 funds was the provision of greater individual attention to each child attending class. Without the additional staff provided this would have been impossible."

Los Lunas Hospital and Training School, New Mexico

"The project made it possible for the school to admit children with minimal brain dysfunction who are known to have a short attention span and seldom able to attend regular schools.

The Easter Seal Rehabilitation Center of Greater Manchester, Inc., New Hampshire

## STATISTICAL REPORT, PUBLIC LAW 89-313, AMENDMENT TO TITLE I, ESEA FISCAL YEAR 1968

National	CTATE®		Numbe	r of Childr	Number of Children Participating in	ting in						) (	
Total   VH   D   MR   CSH   ED   Total   VH   D   D				P.L. 89-31	13 Projects	•			P. T.	89-313 Projec	t Expenditures	<b>/</b> 0	
S.         103,859         7,916         17,385         60,276         5,924         11,715         238         479         400         -         \$         241,562         \$         51,717,744         84,384,133           1,117         238         479         400         -         6         241,562         \$         53,999         \$         170,995           1,786         1122         225         428         69         68         121,250         38,772         4406           2,817         142         1,008         1,188         109         370         762,382         40,118         74,007           11         3,039         156         669         1,963         179         82         620,317         36,450         130,029           11         744         51         629         172         299         172         366         584,289         21,618         43,238           11         744         51         609         1,963         179         82         620,317         36,400         11,102           11         74         51         76         224         71         10,009         11,102         11,102         11,102		Total	ΗΛ	۵	MR	CSH	ED	Total	ΛΗ	٥	MR	CSH	ED
1,117 238 479 400   \$ 241,552 \$ 53,959 \$ 120,995 \$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		103,859	7,916	17,985	60,276	5,924	11,758	\$21,271,933	\$1,717,744	\$4,348,133	\$11,118,338	\$1,090,590	\$2,997,128
1, 1786	Alabama	1,117	238	479	400	-	•			1	\$ 66 558		
1,225   122   235   428   69   68   212,256   38,772   44,406   1,186   181   334   344   310   374   334,626   42,542   24,007   1,188   199   370   376,2382   40,118   253,296   22,328   2,3231   449   215   2,041	Alaska	•		1	1	1	:						!
tr 3,039 156 669 1,953 179 82 620,317 36,460 74,007 1 3,431   3,421 142 1,008 1,188 109 370 772,382 40,118 25,296 2 3,401   3,431 409 215 2,041	Arizona	922	122	235	428	69	89	212,250	38.772	44,406	94 944	16 632	17 496
1, 142 1,008 1,188 109 370 762,382 40,118 255,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,818 25,296 21,923 21,818 21,244 21,861 11,624 36,286 21,818 21,244 21,861 11,624 36,286 21,818 21,244 21,861 11,624 36,286 21,818 21,244 21,819 21,244 110,424 31,918 31,102 21,110 2,435 52 398 582,998 37,102 31,102 21,813 207 337 391 144 134 302,511 40,474 306,388 21,818 207 337 391 144 134 302,511 40,474 306,388 21,986 21,148 211 1,294 11	Arkansas	1,786	181	364	810	299	132	334,626	42 642	74 007	181 909	15.641	20,425
14. 1 3,039	California	2,817	142	1,008	1,188	109	370	762,382	40,118	253,296	271 710	13.893	20,42/ 183 365
ut         3,039         156         669         1,963         179         82         620,317         36,450         130,029           1.         744         51         62         400         144         87         221,417         10,709         18,895           1.         737         40         234         326         93         44         213,691         11,624         36,286           962         190         93         648         -         159         626,273         55,150         111,275           962         190         93         648         -         31         212,404         16,134         109,453           3,162         167         110         2,43         56         39         31,321         34,015           3,162         167         110         2,435         52         398         385,973         56,506         94,215           1,813         207         371         2,435         52         398         382,999         36,258         39,47         36,257         69,810           1,294         145         391         427         -         43         170,597         36,258         37,90	Colorado	3,231	409	215	2,041	1	566	584,289	21,618	43,238	486,128		33,305
1. 744 51 62 400 144 87 221417 10,709 18,895 18,962 23 40 234 226 93 44 213,691 11,624 36,286 93 44 213,691 11,624 36,286 93 42 213,691 11,624 36,286 92 44 213,691 11,624 36,286 92 92 962 927 96,292 92 962 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92	Connecticut	3,039	156	699	1.953	179	82	620 317	36 450	130 030	747 747	20.00	717
11. 737 40 234 326 93 44 713.691 11,624 36,286 93 93 94 91 11,624 36,286 93 93 94 91 11,624 36,286 93 92 92 92 92 92 93 94 97 2,564 - 159 626,273 55,150 111,275 962 190 93 648 - 31 212,404 16,134 109,453 111,275 91 143 143 4,73 4,619 96 987 385,973 55,50 94,222 3,162 11,294 145 331 207 337 991 144 134 323.005 36,286 82,986 1,294 145 331 391 427 - 331 302,511 40,474 956 88,810 11,662 97 288 246 68,726 66,325 240,426 4,061 279 451 2,606 272 119,919 9,517 36,789 112,020 112,020 116,622 97 288 955 112 210 68,7245 66,325 240,426 116,622 97 288 955 112 210 68,783 117,760 37,246 196 389 2,590 - 329 113,521 9,740 955 88,603 112,020 112,02	Delaware	744	51	62	400	144	87	221 417	10,700	18 205	02 741	40.112	20,174
3420 230 467 2,564 - 159 626,273 11,125 111,12	Dist. of Col.	737	40	234	326	93	44	213,417	11 634	36,99	117.74	49,113	58,959
962 190 93 648 - 31 212,404 15,134 1109,452	Florida	3,420	230	467	2.564	} !	159	626 273	11,024 55,150	30,260	017,711	667'75	10,766
513 12 104 213 164 20 143,068 3,917 34,015 34,015 6,318 143 473 4,619 96 987 385,973 55,506 94,252 3,162 1,294 145 331 391 144 134 323,005 36,218 82,985 31,224 145 332 390 - 431 170,597 36,271 68,810 1,963 336 25 158 79 772 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 1,1416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,599 1,1662 97 288 955 112 2,190,926 70,000 112,020 11,662 97 288 955 112 2,100,926 70,000 112,020 11,662 97 288 955 112 2,100,926 70,000 112,020 11,662 97 288 955 112 2,100,926 70,000 112,020 11,662 97 450 1 450 158 168 168 168 168 168 17 168 1	Georgia	962	190	93	648	1	31	212,273	16.134	100 452	4 19,209	:	40,559
6,318 143 4,619 96 987 385,973 55,506 94,252 3,162 167 110 2,435 52 398 582,099 7,710 137,986 1,813 207 337 991 144 134 322,005 36,256 94,252 1,294 145 391 427 - 331 302,511 40,474 96,638 1,963 30 403 1,325 205 - 456,285 21,941 90,735 336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 1,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 1,62 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530 1,662 97 450 2,590 - 113,521 19,583 56,530 3,484 196 369 2,590 - 113,521 19,583 56,530 1,13,521 771 113,521 17,760 37,260 17,197 116,583 116,583 117,797	Hawaii	513	12	104	213	164	20	143,068	3,917	34,015	70,302 61,052	32.065	7,915
6,318	Idaho	351	29	132	190			60 378	8 076	100 10	7		•
3,162 167 110 2,435 52 398 582,099 7,710 137,986 1,813 207 337 991 144 134 323,005 36,258 82,985 1,294 145 391 427 - 331 302,511 40,474 96,638 17,995 336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 1,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 11,062 97 288 955 11,02 210 630,148 19,622 1,000,205 1,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 68,593 11,000,205 1,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 86,603 112,020 1,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 86,603 112,020 1,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 86,603 112,020 1,662 55 97 450	Illinois	6,318	143	473	4.619	96	987	385 973	55.506	91,321	167,151	 22 0E1	- 000 88
1,813 207 337 991 144 134 323,005 36,258 82,985 1,294 145 391 144 134 323,005 36,258 82,985 82,985 1,294 145 391 427 - 331 302,511 40,474 96,638 17,900 154 332 390 - 435,290 280,319 64,853 68,559 14,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 14,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 14,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 11,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530	Indiana	3.162	167	110	2 435	52	308	582,000	2,200	127,000	066,161	106,00	44,000
1,294 145 391 427 - 331 302,511 40,474 96,638	lowa	1 813	207	337	991	35 144	124	322,099	017,7	137,986	3/1,446	3,855	61,102
1,963 30 403 1,325 205 43 170,597 36,227 68,810 336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 336,227 68,810 336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 68,559 1,416 333 309 484 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 66,325 240,426 272 4,331 914 935 1,148 211 1,123 829,055 66,325 240,426 272 4,061 279 451 2,606 272 453 1,190,926 70,000 112,020 5 11,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530 4 1	Kansas	1,294	145	391	427	<u> </u>	331	302,003	50,200	82,985	175,340	14,889	13,533
1,963 30 403 1,325 205 - 456,285 21,941 90,735 25,727 35,780 28,515 21,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 21,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 240,426 4,061 279 451 2,606 272 453 1,190,926 70,000 112,020 51,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530 4	Kentucky	919	154	332	330		43	170 597	4/4/04	90,030	94,030	:	70,743
1,963 30 403 1,325 205 456,285 21,941 90,735 2  336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780 3369 225 158	•	_			3		<u> </u>	166'011	777'00	00,00	02,20	1	3,300
336 25 158 79 72 2 119,301 9,517 35,780   1,416 333 309 484 - 290 280,319 64,853 68,559 68,559   4,331 914 935 1,148 211 1,123 829,055 66,325 240,426 272 453 1,190,926 70,000 112,020 5 11,662 97 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530 4	Louisiana	1,963	30	403	1,325	205		456,285	21,941	90,735	299.514	44 095	;
1,416         333         309         484          290         280,319         64,853         68,559           etts 2/4         4,331         914         935         1,148         211         1,123         829,055         66,325         240,426         2           4,061         279         451         2,606         272         453         1,190,926         70,000         112,020         5           1,662         97         288         955         112         210         630,148         19,583         56,530         4           -	Maine	336	22	158	79	72	2	119,301	9,517	35,780	60,801	12 879	324
atts 2/ 4,331 914 935 1,148 211 1,123 829,055 66,325 240,426 2 2 4,061 2 2 9 451 2,606 2 7 2 453 1,190,926 70,000 112,020 5 5 1,662 9 7 288 955 112 210 630,148 19,583 56,530 4	Maryland	1,416	333	309	484	:	290	280,319	64,853	68,559	52,297		94 610
4,061       279       451       2,606       272       453       1,190,926       70,000       112,020       56,530       47,662       97       288       955       112       210       630,148       19,583       56,530       4         - <td>Massachusetts 21</td> <td>4,331</td> <td>914</td> <td>935</td> <td>1,148</td> <td>211</td> <td>1,123</td> <td>829,055</td> <td>66,325</td> <td>240,426</td> <td>232,135</td> <td>16 581</td> <td>273.588</td>	Massachusetts 21	4,331	914	935	1,148	211	1,123	829,055	66,325	240,426	232,135	16 581	273.588
1,662         97         288         955         112         210         630,148         19,583         56,530         4           3,484         196         369         2,590         -	Michigan	4,061	279	451	2,606	272	453	1,190,926	70,000	112,020	578.852	140.750	289 304
3,484 196 369 2,590	Minnesota	1,662	97	788	955	112	210	630,148	19,583	56,530	492.576	23 795	37,664
Duri         3,484         196         369         2,590         -         329         687,245         47,636         88,603         4           tana         602         55         97         450         -         -         113,521         9,726         19,454         19,454           aska         878         73         156         430         153         66         156,183         17,760         37,296           da         71         -         71         -         71         -         16,583         -         -         17,197           Hampshire         636         66         69         86,358         -         17,197	Mississippi	1	1	ı	1	1	i					1	; ;
tana 602 55 97 450 - 113,521 9,726 19,454 aska 878 73 156 430 153 66 156,183 17,760 37,296 da 71 - 71 - 16,583 - 17,197 Hampshire 636 - 116 385 66 69 86,358 - 17,197	Missouri	3,484	196	369	2,590	:	329	687,245	47,636	88,603	467,716	:	83.290
aska 878 73 156 430 153 66 156,183 17,760 37,296 da 71 - 16,583 - 17,197 Hampshire 636 - 116 385 66 69 86,358 - 17,197	Montana	602	22	97	450	;	1	113,521	9,726	19,454		;	1
da 71 - 71 - 71 - 16,583 - 17,197 Hampshire 636 - 116 385 66 69 86,358 - 17,197	Nebraska	878	73	156	430	153	99	156,183	17,760	37,296	84,341	7,415	12,580
Hampshire   636     116   385   66   69   86,358     17,197	Nevada	71	1	1	71	:	1	16,583	1	1	16,583	!	
	New Hampshire	989	1	116	382	99	69	86,358	1	17,197	45,848	6,930	16,383





STATES		Number P.	er of Children Partic P.L. 89-313 Projects	Number of Children Participating in P.L. 89-313 Projects	ing in			P.L. 89	-313 Project I	P.L. 89-313 Project Expenditures <sup>3/</sup>		
,	Total	Ŧ	Q	MR	CSH	ED	Total	ΗΛ	D	MR	CSH	ED
New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	4,304 878 8,396 2,971 507 3,168	140 156 393 399 34	513 246 1,736 958 73 267	2,686 388 3,881 1,448 400 2,431	219 63 439 -	746 25 1,947 166 -	1,231,499 199,662 2,501,025 637,223 65,641 381,406	39,778 34,327 142,772 70,331 7,424 48,526	148,738 54,546 428,441 186,614 23,168 51,345	770,089 88,069 1,193,768 309,637 35,049 183,372	59,299 16,082 57,695 	213,595 6,638 678,349 70,641
Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	1,336 1,372 8,888 495 1,366	118 123 288 15 154	296 326 1,255 136 344	893 507 5,469 290 850 1,099	234 806  118	29 182 1,070 54	219,592 308,865 1,491,489 118,496 290,710	29,873 38,161 96,094 5,364 36,364	70,724 90,152 314,759 29,963 81,227 30,385	115,919 87,956 816,130 67,075 168,869 39,035	68,143 87,713  4,250 26,811	3,076 24,453 176,793 16,094
Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia	1,363 4,507 1,278 886 2,749	214 235 84 - 253	390 675 250 113 504	573 3,217 786 662 1,261	200 70 650	186 180 158 41	263,566 788,117 287,119 199,782 221,260	53,402 45,172 16,601 	93,964 135,541 50,927 24,908 53,623	90,287 456,424 194,752 155,194 89,377	 60,216  12,448 23,596	25,913 90,764 24,839 7,232 10,128
Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	2,867 703 1,621 201	274 135 37	321 209 185 48	1,342 268 1,176 103	675	255 91 223 50	765,917 142,254 398,233 81,403	73,436 34,615 48,726	107,200 52,966 48,950 15,505	338,862 43,097 246,542 50,393	183,137	63,282 11,576 54,015 15,505

<sup>1/</sup> Based on Annual Statistical Reports received from States and District of Columbia.

2/ Estimates.

<sup>3/</sup> Based on data submitted by States as of December, 1968. FY 1968 Project expenditures corrected as of June 4, 1969, equalled \$21,678,542.

NOTE: VH—Visually Handicapped; D—Deaf; MR—Mentally Retarded (moderately retarded or mildly retarded); CSH—Crippled and Special Health Problems (Orthopedically Handicapped and Other Health Impaired — including learning disabilities).

ED— Seriously Emotionally Disturbed.



## HANDICAPPED CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN PROJECTS FUNDED UNDER TITLE VI-A, ESEA FISCAL YEAR 1968

## TOTAL CHILDREN SERVED: 53,738

EDUCABLE MENTALLY SPEECH IMPAIRED 12,155 RETARDED 19,879 37% 23% 7% 4% VISUALLY HANDICAPPED TRAINABLE MENTALLY RETARDED 3,643 CRIPPLED 1,570 HARD OF HEARING **DEAF 1,236** IMPAIRED 5,374 OTHER HEALTH **EMOTIONALLY** DISTURBED 2,824 4,713

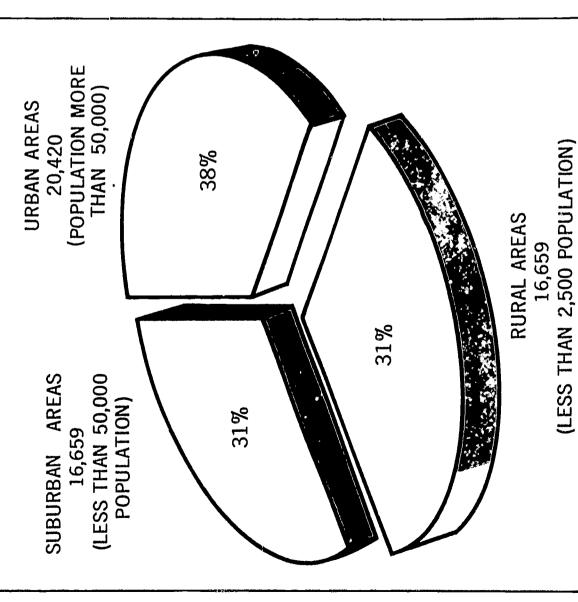


3,054 or 6% of the handicapped children participating in Title VI-A projects during Fiscal Year 1968 came from non-public or private schools. Schools represented totaled 608.

At least 71% of the children receiving services under Title  $\overline{\Omega}$ -A resided in target areas of Title I, ESEA.

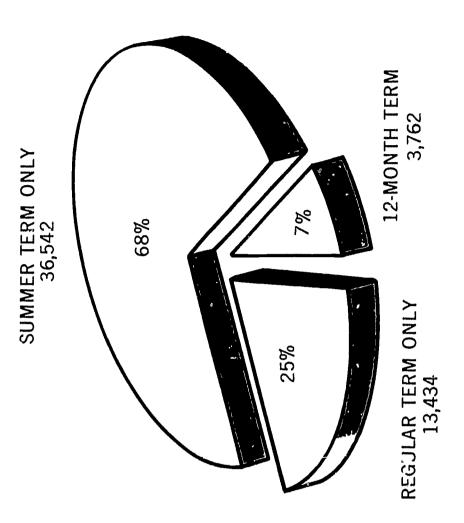


## HANDICAPPED CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN PROJECTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS TITLE VI-A, ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968

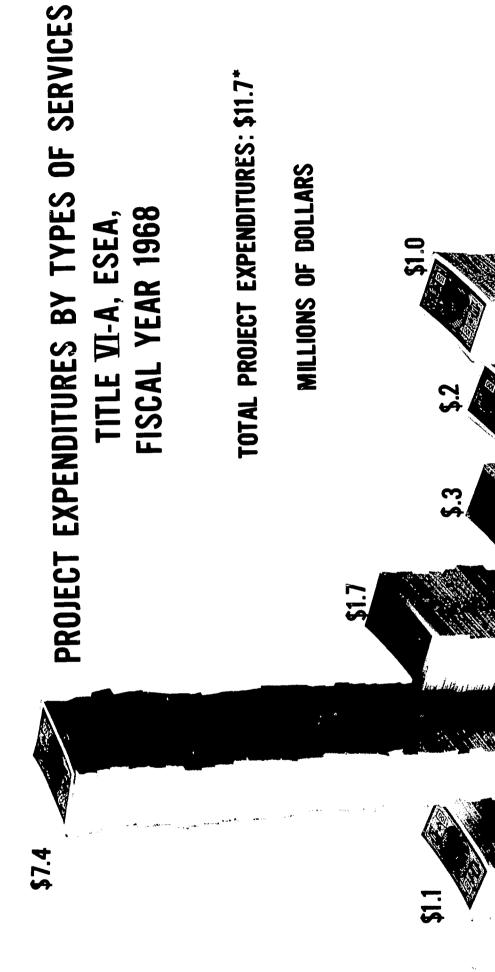


TOTAL CHILDREN SERVED: 53,738

#### HANDICAPPED CHILDREN PARTICIPATING IN PROJECTS BY SCHOOL TERM PUBLIC LAW 89-313, ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968



TOTAL CHILDREN SERVED: 53,738



OTHER \*\* CONSTRUCTION REMODELING **TRANSPORTATION** PUPIL EQUIPMENT INSTRUCTION **ADMINISTRATION** 

\*Data does not include \$760,779 expended under Title XI.A, ESEA for State administration and leadership activities during Fiscal Year 1968. \*\*Includes Health Services in the field of physical and mental health which are not direct instruction, Food Services, Community Services, Student-Body Activities, Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Fixed Charges as related to program operation in providing direct and other related services to the handicapped children served.

"One of the major impacts of Title  $\overline{M}$ -A funds has been the development of an 'awareness' of the handicapped, their needs, their potential and what can be done for them."

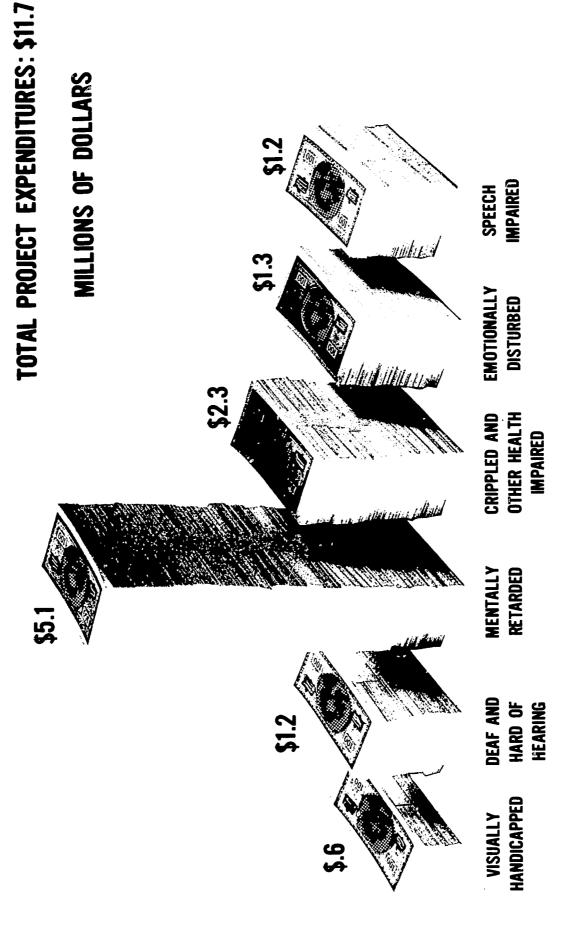
Texas Division of Special Education

'The most significant impact of Title  $\overline{M}$ -A would be that over 9,000 school-age children in our State received some type of service that they would not have received without Title  $\overline{M}$ -A funds."

Iowa Division of Special Education



# PROJECT EXPENDITURES BY TYPES OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN SERVED, TITLE VI-A, ESEA, FISCAL YEAR 1968



"Many of these teachers, trained during the summer 1968, initiated new special education programs in local schools this year. Many of these situations would not have developed without the aid of Title 

✓ Yebraska State Department of Education

"This was the first time for summer programs to be offered to handicapped children in our State. Each of the local districts has seen the value of such a program. There are plans now for these same activities to be carried out next year with local funds."

Arkansas Division of Instructional Services



#### WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS PARTICIPATING IN TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS TITLE VI-A PROJECTS IN THE NATION

FISCAL YEAR 1968

SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS 14,098

DISTRICTS WITHOUT

SCHOOL LOCAL

TOTAL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS 23,308

DISTRICTS **TITLE VI-A PROJECTS** SCHOOL LOCAL

PROGRAMS 9,210

**EDUCATION** 

SPECIAL

WITH

လ

DISTRICT

SCH00L

PARTICIPATING IN 4,675

In addition to the 4,675 local school districts, 608 Non-public schools particioated in Title  $\overline{\rm M}$ -A programs and projects.) (NOTE:



Only 39% of the more than 23,000 school districts in the

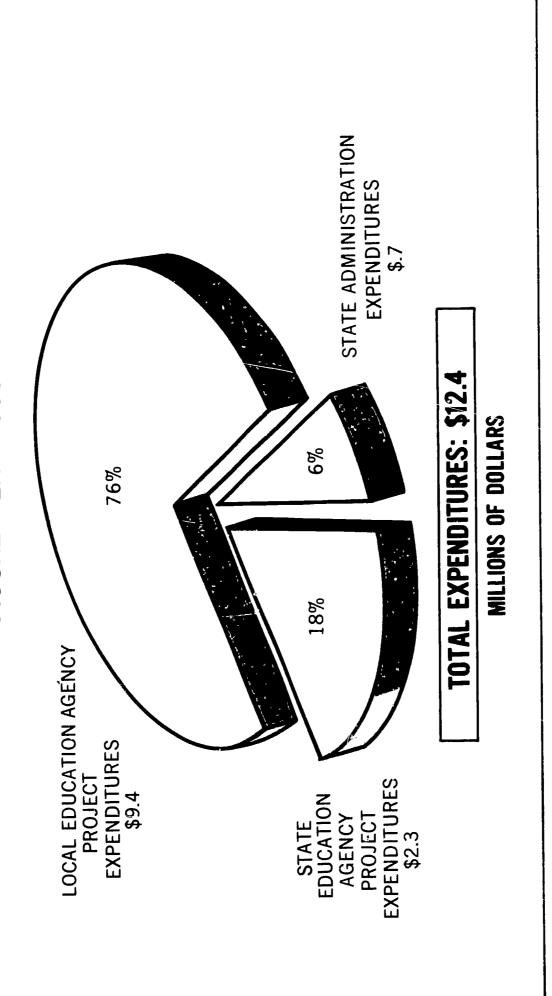
Approximately 50% of the more than 9,000 school districts Nation have some type of special education program.

with special education programs participated in Title  $\overline{\mathrm{M}}$ -A

programs.



### TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR PROJECTS AND STATE ADMINSTRATION FISCAL YEAR 1968 TITLE VI-A, ESEA



"The major impact of Title XI-A programs and projects has come through the provision to serve a large group to children who otherwise would not have received service. About 100 children with hearing loss as the result of the rubella epidemic have been located and planning for their educational experience has begun.

District of Columbia Department of Special Education

"Pre-school programs for the deaf and hearing impaired children were begun for the first time in public schools, as a result of Title  $\Sigma$ I-A funds."

North Carolina State Department of Public Instruction

#### ERIC Fruit Tax Provided Sty ERIC

## STATISTICAL REPCRT, TITLE VII-A, ESEA FISCAL YEAR 1968 1

			Numb	er of Chi	Number of Children Receiving Direct Servi	iving Dire	ct Services	S			Total	Total Title VI-A Expenditures	ditures
STATES	TMR	EMB	HH	0	HH D SI VH ED	HA N	ED	C	ОНІ	Total	PROJECT EXPENDI-	STATE ADM. EXPENDI-	TOTAL EXPENDI-
											TURES	TURES	TURES
Total U.S.	3,643	19,879	2,824	1,236	12,155	2,344	4,713	1,570	5,374	53,738	\$11,663,694.09	\$760,779.23	\$12,424,473.32
Alabama	186	1,316	37	20	302	S	69	16	43	1,994	\$ 240,474.00	13,655.00	\$ 254,129.00
Alaska	54	246	æ	17	12	!	107	36	82	568	70,653.00	16,637.00	87,290.00
Arizona	15	501	:	!	188	i	115	!	30	849	85,641.11	6,458.63	92,099.74
Arkansas	!	30	1	1	:	;	1	!	20	20	131,348.00	2,591.83	133,939.83
California	458	2,200	82	48	88	107	640	100	97	3,820	983,802.00	18,980.00	1,002,782.00
Colorado	1	i i	1	1	878	1	92	33	1	1,006	98,990.45	29,454.00	128,444.45
Connecticut	!	1	!	!	;		;	!		1	!	10,828.00	10,828.00
Delaware	-	195	ı	ŀ	 	-	104	1	30	331	95,286.00	4,714.00	100,000.00
Dist. of Col.	95	!	ŀ	57	ı	;	15	1	1	167	89,455.00	10,545.00	100,000.00
Florida	227	1,039	40	136	109	23	220	135	214	2,143	311,906.29	10,033.00	321,939.29
Georgia	321	3,159	1	!	1,585	514	8	20	38	5,747	280,595.00	3,944.00	284,539.00
Hawaii	1	;	1	ŀ	!	1	;	!	!	ı	15,192.00	3,908.00	19,100.00
Idaho	-	9	<b>~</b>	;	38	က	7	1	က	54	92,552.56	6,771.13	99,323.69
Illinois	105	367	142	183	22	23	25	70	390	1,362	572,737.05	73,472.37	646,209.42
Indiana	432	288	19	က	292	49	178	:	160	1,421	244,779.97	19,651.00	264,430.97
Iowa	116	286	199	2	298	23	78	34	28	1,344	171,342.00	17,848.00	189,190.00
Kansa:	19	66	4	30	120	12	31	9	268	289	115,221.00	3,201.00	118,422.00
Kentucky	64	289	17	14	395	13	ო	94	131	1,418	202,043.00	2,893.00	204,936.00
Louisiana	1	1	1	44		t	;	ł	:	44	110,435.19	12,286.77	122,721.96
Maine	223	171	23	19	49	18	49	218	33	803	91,118.00	8,045.00	99,163.00
Maryland	09	1	:	1	1	12	;	1	142	214	141,241.00	28,929.00	170,170.00
Massachusetts	142	637	285	51	2,009	222	335	28	1,568	5,308	326,571.00	6,806.49	333,377.49
Michigan	35	365	45	29	139	51	158	8	411	1,314	518,247.00	31,619.00	549,866.00
Minnesota	1	6	44	!	:		19	!	33	105	224,744.00	30,313.00	255,657.00
Mississippi	82	935	11	!	663	_	:	-	79	1,772	134,240.05	10,706.00	144,946.05
Missouri	9	313	86	88	635	9	120	2	118	1,387	84,720.39	8,049.58	292,769.97

 $<sup>^{1/}</sup>$  Based on Annual reports submitted by 50 States and the District of Columbia as of December, 1968, representing 97% of Title  $\overline{\mathrm{M}}$ -A funds allocated for FY 1968.

3
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			Number of Children Receiving Direct Services	r of Child	Number of Children Receiving Direct Services or Title VI-A ESEA by Handicapping Condit	ving Direc	t Services	ions			Total	Total Title <u>VI</u> -A Expenditure	ture
											PROJECT	STATE ADM.	TOTAL
CTATEC	TMR	FMR	<b>I</b>	٥	S	H>	ED	ပ	HO	Total	EXPENDI-	EXPENDI-	EXPENDI-
				)							TURES	TURES	TURES
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Montana	•	131	07	:	720	င္ပ	3	•	- - -	- - -	01:000,01		00,000
Nebraska	38	121	13	;	40		17	:	:	229	84,178.00	13,834.29	98,012.29
Nevada	!	1	:	1	:	i	i	1	:	;	70,505.47	6,523.00	77,028.47
New Hampshire	1	က	7	10	11	-	ω	2	48	06	86,311.00	415.00	86,726.00
No.	27	184	330	151	193	ζ.	219	103	166	1.500	379.870.00	20,066.00	399,936.00
New Jersey	3 ;	5 5			8 8	- 2	0 1	1	7.6	610	87 340 74	2 198 16	89,538,90
New Mexico	<del>-</del>	/ 57	χ. (C	1 6	S S	<u>ک</u>	2 5	<u>.</u>	770		1 062 547 00	12 435 00	1 075 982 00
New York	40	1,278	526	20	1	2	1,136	!	143	2,909	00.746,600,1	12,433.00	1,073,302.00
North Carolina	299	1,735	206	4	1,692	54	69	43	ဗ္ဗ	4,637	336,496.00	5,663.00	342,159.00
North Dakota		98	1	ı	122	١	154	1	1	362	72,598.00	18,287.29	90,885.29
Ohio	4	1,373	120	123	09	854	88	217	464	3,303	635,446.71	10,855.67	646,302.38
Oklahoma	1	;	1	1	<u> </u>	:	1	!	;	;	160,588.49	4,264.00	164,852.49
Oregon	167	119	6	57	566	10	33	က	!	664	107,970.00	2,929.00	110,899.00
Pennsylvania	ł	!	24	21	784	1	;	ŀ	:	829	725,908.00	45,814.00	771,722.00
Rhode Island		32	18	10	_	Ω.	31	6	80	114	74,316.76	10,558.00	84,874.76
South Carolina	1		18	20	1	:	40	1	!	78	146,169.00	40,749.00	186,918.00
South Dakota	1	250	15	1	171	1	14	:	15	465	41,794.30	57,690.00	99,484.30
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Vermont	!	7	! 	<b>I</b>	1	1	- 	ç		1 5	00 002 300	007 700	206 726 49
Virginia		1	!	:	:	:	1	63	:	50	00.857,082	997.40	200,/30.40
Washington	78	274	24	45	09	28	99	106	48	759	172,886.31	25,063.00	197,949.31
West Virginia		1		1	1	:	1	1	8	8	129,547.45	2,317.00	131,864.45
Wisconsin	26	126	56	30	28	1	31	2î	18	356	265,640.13	14,737.34	280,377.52
Wyoming	28	45	2	:	12	-	13	<del>-</del>	26	125	38,158.00	9,460.00	47,618.00
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NOTE: TMR—Trainable Mentally Retarded; EMR—Educable Mentally Retarded; HH—Hard of Hearing; D—Deaf; SI—Speech Impaired; VH—Visually Handicapped; ED—Emotionally Disturbed; C—Crippled; OHI—Other Health Impaired (including Learning Disabled).



## ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT PUBLIC LAW 89-313 AMENDMENT TO TITLE I,

Section 103 (a)

equal to the Federal percentage of the average per pupil expenditure in that State or, if greater, in the United States multiplied by the number of such children in average daily attendance, as determined (5) In the case of a State agency which is directly responsible education), the maximum grant which that agency shall be eligible for which satisfactory data are available. Such State agency shall use payments under this part only for programs and projects (including children other health impaired children who by reason thereof require special by the Commissioner, at schools for handicapped children operated or supported by that State agency, in the most recent fiscal year the acquisition of equipment and where necessary the construction (including mentally retarded, hard of hearing, deaf, speech impaired, visually handicapped, seriously emotionally disturbed, crippled, or to receive under this part for any fiscal year shall be an amount school facilities) which are designed to meet the special public education for handicapped educational needs of such children. providing free



## **ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT**

### TITLE VI (P.L. 89-10, as amended)

Part A – Assistance to States for Education of Handicapped Children

school levels...Sec. 603...no State shall be allotted less than \$100,000 per annum...Sec. 604...funds paid to the State will be to the provisions of this part for the purpose of assisting the States in the initiation, expansion, and improvement of programs and projects (including the acquisition of equipment and where necessary handicapped children...at the preschool, elementary and secondary expended, either directly or through local agencies...and...up to 5 percentum of the amount allotted to the State for any fiscal year of \$75,000 (\$25,000 in the case of the outlying areas), whichever is greater, may be expended for the proper and efficient administration of the State plan (including State leadership activities and consultative services), and for planning on the State and Local level .... To the extent consistent with the number and location of handicapped children in the State who for handicapped children eligible for assistance under section 103(a) of are enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools, provision will be Sec. 601. The Commissioner is authorized to make grants pursuant made for participation of such children in programs assisted or carried out under this part . . . . . Funds . . . shall not be made available to any school construction of school facilities) for the education





